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About TEDDY

- TERI's flagship annual publication since 1986
- Compilation of energy and environment related data from various credible sources
- ✤ Latest Edition : TEDDY 2017/18
- The only comprehensive energy and environment yearbook in India
- More than **15,000 readers** across the globe
- Citations in international peer reviewed journals and reports
- ✤ Sankey diagram showing commercial energy flow in India
- Provides a review of government policies, programmes and initiatives that have implications for environment and energy sectors of the Indian economy



Acknowledging the team

Contributors

- Senior advisors
- 25 authors
- 16 reviewers
- Different divisions across TERI
 - Research
 - Executive support
 - TERI Press
 - Knowledge
 Management

Overall Guidance

Ajay Shankar

Editor

Aastha Sharma

Sub-Editor

Monica Dutta

Chapter Authors and Reviewers

Energy and environment: an overview Authors : Aastha Sharma, Monica Dutta, and Adithya Subramanian Reviewers : Divya Datt and Ritu Mathur

Coal and lignite Author : Jonathan Donald Syiemlieh Reviewer : Nitya Nanda

Petroleum and natural gas Author : G Renjith Reviewer : K Ramanathan

Power

Author : Snekalatha A Krishnaraju Reviewers : A K Saxena and Veena Aggarwal

Renewable energy Authors : Nagendra Kumar, Ashwini G Mudgal, and Kapil Muddineni

Reviewer : Shirish S Garud

Agriculture Author : Manish Anand Reviewer : Vibha Dhawan

Industry Author : Sachin Kumar Reviewer : Prosanto Pal

Transport

Author : Aakansha Jain Reviewer : Shri Prakash

Household energy

Authors : Martand Shardul and Deborshi Brahmachari

Reviewer : Debajit Palit

Air quality and pollution Authors : Arindam Datta, Md Hafizur Rahman, and Isha Khanna Reviewer : R Suresh

Solid waste management Authors : Sourabh Manuja and Pallavi Gulati Reviewer : Suneel Pandey

Water resource management Authors : Nathaniel B Dkhar and Niyati Seth Reviewer : Anshuman

Land and forest resource management Authors : Priyanka and Yatish A Lele Reviewer : Jitendra Vir Sharma

Climate change Authors : K Venkatramana and Aanchal Pruthi Reviewer : Suruchi Bhadwal

Maps Vijay Nipane

Executive Support

Lakshmi Subramanium

Documentation

Library and Information Centre, TERI

Publishing Team

Aman Sachdeva Anupama Jauhry Sachin Bhardwaj Shashi Bhushan Sushmita Ghosh

Information Dissemination

Gitesh Sinha Sanjeev Sharma

CD Publishing

Rajiv Sharma

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Sankey diagram for commercial energy flows

- For electricity generation almost **91%** of the fuel comes from **hydrocarbon sources (coal, natural gas and petroleum).**
- In terms of final energy consumption, **industry (56.00%)**, **transport (17%) and residential & commercial (13%)** are the top three consuming sectors.



Sankey diagram for 2016/17 MTOE – million tonnes of oil equivalent Note The data for 2016/17 is provisional

Energy

- Capacity Addition 2017 2018
 - Conventional sources 5392 MW
 - Renewable sources –11762 MW
- Percentage increase in installed capacity 2016-17
 - Conventional sources 2%
 - Renewable Sources 20%



➢ Per capita electricity consumption for 2017-18 – 1149 kWh



Per capita electricity consumption (in kWh)*

*(GrossGen.+ Net Import) / Mid-year population Source: CEA various years

Household Energy

> Active LPG domestic connections (as of November 2018):

- Total 24.9 crore
- Rural 11.3 crore
- Urban 13.6 crore

As of October 2018 clean fuel used by 89% households as LPG coverage increases.

Water Resources

The average annual per capita availability of water in the country >1951 - 5178 m3 >2011 - 1544 m3 >2051 - 1174 m3



- Desalination considered a solution to increasing water shortage in the world.
- Functional desalination plants in India 1000
- Total generating capacity 2,91,820 m3/day
- Gujarat (47% of the total capacity) and Tamil Nadu (37% of the total capacity) comprise majority of the total desalinated water capacity in India.

Air Pollution and Quality

- 38% of NAMP sites exceeded the annual ambient concentration level (40 μg/m³) of PM2.5 in 2016.
- 65% of NAMP stations are not in compliance with the National Ambient Air Quality (NAAQ) Standards (60 μg/m³) of PM10 during 2016.

Climate Change

- > The year 2017 was the fourth warmest year on record since 1901.
- \succ CO₂ emissions in India stood approximately at 2344.2 MtCO₂ in 2017

Solid Waste

- Municipal solid waste generation in India ranges from 0.17 to 0.67 kg/capita/day.
- Municipal solid waste in Urban India as of 2017
 - Generated 49.35 MT
 - Collected 40.53 MT
 - Treated 9.32 MT
- Sewage Treatment Capacity of 9.19 mld has been created under National River Conservation Plan (NRCP).
- Greenhouse gas emissions from solid waste disposal (SWD)
 - 2011 13.75 MtCO2e
 - 2031 22.77 MtCO2e
 - 2051 39.71 MtCO2e



For more information, visit:

http://www.teriin.org/projects/teddy/