Climate Change E-Zine

January 2016

Media Coverage | Policies/Reports | Indexes | Case Studies | Events | Previous e-Zines **Media** Coverage **Policies/Reports** Latest Media Coverage (Indian) on **Intended Nationally Determined Contributions** (INDCs) as communicated by Parties 2015 / UNFCCC. **Climate Change -News Analysis:** It identifies the actions a national government intends The base for Paris climate negotiations to take under the future UNFCCC climate deal, due to exercise was the Intended Nationally be agreed in Paris in December 2015. INDCs are, Determined Contributions (INDC), tabled therefore, the basis of post-2020 global emissions by governments of various countries. The reduction commitments that will be included in the UNEP Emissions Gap Report (EGR) future climate agreement. prepared by a team of scientists, presents two conclusions: One, the INDCs do The 2015 Global Climate Legislation Study, A **Review of Climate Change Legislation in 99 Countries** present a significant reduction compared : Summary for Policy-makers, 45p. 2015. to a projection of current policies; and two, by The Grantham Research Institute on Climate the proposed mitigation contributions are Change far from enough to keep us on the The study covers the countries responsible for the vast 2°Celsius pathways. The estimated gap majority of global greenhouse gas emissions and between the unconditional promises and practically all of them have some form of climate the 2°C path is 14 gigatonnes of carbon change legislation. Around half of them have explicit dioxide equivalent (GtCO2e) in 2030 and targets. seven GtCO2e in 2025. If the promises, This study reflects the work that legislators have done conditional on international support, are around the world to build an architecture of legal included, this gap comes down by two response to the climate challenge. It will be an GtCO2e. indispensable resource to those everywhere who seek to hold governments to account for action on climate 196 parties to the United Nations change. Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) adopted the Paris The Emission Gap Report 2014: An UNEP Synthesis Agreement. Much has been happening Report, 88p. since Paris - the World Meteorological This fifth report provides an updated measure of the Organization (WMO) confirmed that 2015 emissions gap. In addition, this year's update of the was the hottest year on record. "The Paris analysis calculates an emissions gap relative to Agreement sent a clear message to markets expected emission levels in 2030, in recognition of the and investors that it's time to get serious growing focus that action beyond 2020 is gaining in about climate change. Countries united in a international climate change negotiations. victory not only over climate deniers, but for a Not least, the report provides an assessment of the path forward to reducing their carbon carbon budget that is this report explores the multiple footprints, shifting to renewable-energy alternatives and using energy more efficiently. benefits of tried and tested development policies -The untold story of the Paris agreement is the

promise for a better future made possible by an unprecedented collaboration between local and regional governments, nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) and the private sector to invest in smart, clean and efficient energy solutions

India's INDC plans to achieve 40 per cent power generation capacity from non-fossil fuel-based sources by 2030. India is well placed to lead this effort if the government and private corporations open their purses so that think-tanks with competence in this area do not have to depend on foreign funding.

Sources:

Paris Agreement 'decisive turnin	
point' on climate change, says new	
UN senior adviser	
UN News Centre, 29 January 2016	

- From CBDRs to INDCs:Acronyms on the road to averting climate change disaster <u>The Indian Expres</u>s, 24 November 2015
- Canada to set climate change tests in pipeline reviews: Trudeau <u>Reuters</u>, 26 January 2016

• The prospect of climate change and solutions post-Paris (opinion) <u>Seattle Times</u>, 26 January 2016

- Gambia: NATC Launches D4.6 Million Project to Mitigate Climate Changes <u>The Point (Banjul)</u>, 26 January 2016
- Record hot years near impossible without manmade climate change study <u>Guardian</u>, 25 January 2016

• Climate change fails to top list of

benefits in terms of, for example, employment creation, economic growth, improved environmental quality and, not least, reduced greenhouse gas emissions.

<u>India: Pathways to Sustaining Rapid Development in</u> <u>a New Climate Economy</u> 2016/ New Climate Economy's India

This paper argues that India's efforts to achieve rapid, inclusive and sustainable development have been hampered in the past by pervasive inefficiencies that arise from market, policy and institutional failures and weaknesses. Efforts to address these weaknesses in a comprehensive manner can significantly increase the pace of improvement in the well-being of the population while also better tackling environmental and climate risks. Drawing on the framework developed in the recent New Climate Economy report, *Better Growth, Better Climate*, we focus on three critical socio-economic systems where increased efficiency, investment and innovation can yield major development and environmental benefits: energy systems, agriculture and land use, and cities.

Global warming policies in Key countries 2013

Australia Share of Global Energy-Related CO2 Emissions (2013): **1.22 percent (Ranked 14th)** Per Capita CO2 emissions: **16.70 tons CO2 (370 percent of global average)** Per Capita GDP (2005 US Dollars): **\$37,720 (Ranked 10th)** *Kyoto Reduction Target:* 5 percent below 1990 levels by 2020 Intended Nationally Determined Contribution (INDC): 26-28 percent below 2005 levels by 2030. **China** Share of Global Energy-Related CO2 Emissions (2013): **25.86 percent (Ranked 1st)** Per Capita CO2 emissions: **6.08 tons CO2 (135 percent**

of global average) Per Capita GDP (2005 US Dollars): **\$9,600 (Ranked 52nd)** *Copenhagen Pledge:* : Carbon intensity reduction of 40-45 percent below 2005 levels by 2020 INDC: Emissions to peak no later than 2030, and carbon intensity reduction of 60-65 percent below 2005 levels by 2030

European Union (EU) Share of Global Energy-Related CO2 Emissions (2013): **11.04 percent (Ranked 3**rd) Per Capita CO2 emissions: **6.91 tons CO2 (153 percent**

threats for business leaders at	of global average)
Davos	Per Capita GDP (2005 US Dollars): \$28,800 (Ranked
Guardian, 20 January 2016	17th)
	<i>Kyoto Target:</i> 20 percent below 1990 levels by 2020
• Getting 196 Countries To Agree On	INDC: 40 percent below 1990 levels by 2030
Climate Change Was 'The	India
Ũ	Share of Global Energy-Related CO2 Emissions (2013):
Easy Part'	6.16 percent (Ranked 4 th)
<u>Huffington Post</u> , 20 January 2016	Per Capita CO2 emissions: 1.58 tons CO2 (35 percent of
	global average)
Climate change means more fear,	Per Capita GDP (2005 US Dollars): \$4,500 (Ranked 78th)
less fun for global middle class:	Copenhagen Pledge: 20-25 percent emissions intensity
UBS	reduction versus 2005 levels by 2020
Reuters, 11 January 2016	
<u>retters</u> , 11 jundary 2010	More
Purender What 2016 Has in Chara	
• Rwanda: What 2016 Has in Store	
for Climate Change Agenda	
<u>All Africa</u> , 04 January 2016	
Bolivia's second-largest lake dries	
up and may be gone forever, lost	
to climate change	
Associated Press, 22 January 2016	
Associated Tress, 22 January 2010	
Casa Studios	Indexes
Case Studies	Indexes
	Indexes
• India: The World's Carbon	Indexes
• India: The World's Carbon	Indexes Following are prestigious Climate change indices.
• India: The World's Carbon Markets: A Case Study Guide to	
• <u>India: The World's Carbon</u> <u>Markets: A Case Study Guide to</u> <u>Emissions Trading.</u> 12p, 2015	
 India: The World's Carbon Markets: A Case Study Guide to Emissions Trading. 12p, 2015 Effect of Temperature Hike on 	 Following are prestigious Climate change indices. <u>The Climate Change Performance Index 2015:</u>
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change : Four case studies in the **United States**, 2007p. 80p. 1. The Heat is On: Climate Change & Heatwaves in the Midwest (pdf) 2. The Importance of Climate **ND-GAIN Country Index** Change for Future Wildfire Scenarios in the Western United States (pdf) 3. Gulf Coast Wetland Sustainability in a Changing Climate (pdf) 4. Ramifications of Climate

- Change for Chesapeake Bay Hypoxia (pdf)
- **Energy and the Environment** Global warming and the **Industrial System/** Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich. 11p. 2007,
- **Climate change perspective from** India/ UNDP, 72p, 2009

more than 90% of global energy-related CO2 emissions. As the CCPI is mainly emissions based, countries with extremely low emissions simply cannot be taken into account.

The ND-GAIN Country Index, a project of the University of Notre Dame Global Adaptation Index (ND-GAIN), summarizes a country's vulnerability to climate change and other global challenges in combination with its readiness to improve resilience. It aims to help businesses and the public sector better prioritize investments for a more efficient response to the immediate global challenges ahead.

GLOBAL CLIMATE RISK INDEX 2015 : Briefing Paper

The Global Climate Risk Index 2015 analyses to what extent countries have been affected by the impacts of weather-related loss events (storms, floods, heat waves etc.). The most recent data available - from 2013 and 1994-2013 - were taken into account. The countries affected most in 2013 were the Philippines, Cambodia and India. For the period from 1994 to 2013 Honduras, Myanmar and Haiti rank highest.

Events	Previous e-Zines
OECD Green Growth and	<u>CSR Second Edition (Sep 2015)</u>
Sustainable Development Forum 14-15 December 2015	• <u>Air Quality</u> (July 2015)
venue: OECD Conference Centre, 2, rue André Pascal 75775 Paris Cedex 16 location: Paris, Ile-De-	• <u>SMEs and Energy efficiency</u> (March 2015)
France, France Contact: Kumi Kitamori and Ryan Parmenter	• <u>Gender Issues and Environment</u> (December 2014)
phone: +33 1 45 24 82 00 fax: +33 1 45 24 85 00 " e-mail: Kumi.Kitamori@oecd.org	• <u>Sustainable Transport</u> (September 2014)
Ryan.Parmenter@oecd.org www:	• <u>Mining and Environment</u> (August 2014)
http://www.oecd.org/greengrowt h/	• <u>Waste to Energy</u> (July 2014)

•	Earth To Paris – Le Hub 7-8 December 2015 Paris, Ile-De-France, France venue: Petit Palais and UNESCO Headquarters www: http://www.EarthToParis.org	 <u>El-Nino Zine</u> (June 2014) <u>CSR-Zine</u> 1 (May 2014)
•	5th International Conference on Climate Change and Humanity (ICCCH 2016) Pattaya, Thailand 23- 24 January 2016 Pattaya, Thailand Website: http://www.iccch.org/ Organized by: CBEES Contact person: Ms Lidya Liu Website: http://www.iccch.org/ 2016 International Climate Conference on Climate Change: Impacts and Responses – A Common Ground Conference	(Kindly send your views/suggestions/and also let us know any other contemporary issues you want us to
	21- 22 April 2016 Hanoi, Vietnam Contact person: Patricija Kirvaitis Website: <u>http://on-</u> <u>climate.com/the-conference/call-</u> <u>for-papers-con-al</u>	cover)
•	International Conference on Pollution Control & Sustainable Environment 25-26 April 2016 Dubai, UAE General Queries. E-mail Earthscience@conferenceseries.co m Website: http://pollutioncontrol.conference series.com/	
•	5th International Conference on Earth Science & Climate Change 25-27 July 2016 Bangkok, Thailand Website: http://earthscience.conferenceseri es.com/	